## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1 1. A fat removing device comprising:
- a cannula having a longitudinal axis, a proximal end, a distal end, a lumen
- 3 extending proximally along said longitudinal axis, and an opening in said cannula at said
- 4 distal end which fluidly communicates said lumen with the exterior of said cannula;
- a protective mesh attached to said distal end and distal of said opening, said mesh
- 6 including openings sized to permit human fat cells to extrude through said openings when
- 7 said mesh is pressed against a mass of human fatty tissue, said openings also sized to
- 8 prevent a human blood vessel which underlies said human fatty tissue from passing
- 9 through said openings when said mesh is pressed against said mass of human fatty tissue.
- 1 2. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 1, further comprising an
- 2 ultrasonic energy transducer positioned adjacent said distal end which operates at a
- 3 frequency and magnitude which at least partially disrupts the cell walls of said human fat
- 4 cells.
- 1 3. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 1, further comprising a heater
- 2 positioned adjacent said distal end which heats said human fat cells when said heater is
- 3 energized to deliver heat.
- 1 4. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 3, wherein said heater is
- 2 positioned a distance from said mesh and capable of delivering heat energy to said human

- 3 fat cells to cauterize a capillary bed in said mass of human fatty tissue when energized to
- 4 deliver heat.
- 1 5. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 1, wherein said cannula is rigid.
- 1 6. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 1, wherein said protective mesh
- 2 is dome-shaped.
- 1 7. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 6, wherein said dome-shaped
- 2 protective mesh comprises a plurality of passages therethrough, and a distalmost bearing
- 3 portion which does not include any passages.
- 1 8. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 1, wherein said protective mesh
- 2 has a shape, and said cutting element has substantially the same shape and is spaced from
- 3 said protective screen.
- 1 9. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 1, wherein said cannula is an
- 2 outer cannula, and further comprising an inner cannula positioned in said outer cannula,
- 3 said inner cannula being rotatable in said outer cannula, said inner cannula including a
- 4 cutting element positioned adjacent and proximal to said protective mesh, whereby when
- 5 said inner cannula is rotated, and said device is pressed against human fatty tissue to
- 6 extrude fatty tissue through said openings, said cutting element cuts off said extruded
- 7 fatty tissue proximal of said protective mesh.

- 1 10. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 9, wherein said inner cannula
- 2 comprises a blade formed by the removal of a portion of said inner cannula.
- 1 11. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 8, further comprising an annular
- 2 lumen extending between said inner cannula and said outer cannula.
- 1 12. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 9, wherein said inner cannula
- 2 comprises a distal end and a lumen extending proximally from said distal end.
- 1 13. A fat removing device comprising:
- a cannula having a longitudinal axis, a proximal end, a distal end, a lumen
- 3 extending proximally along said longitudinal axis, and an opening in said cannula at said
- 4 distal end which fluidly communicates said lumen with the exterior of said cannula; and
- 5 an energy transmitting wire located in said cannula and including a tip distal of
- 6 said cannula distal end, said wire and tip being longitudinally movable at a frequency and
- 7 magnitude which at least partially disrupts the cell walls of said human fat cells.
- 1 14. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 13, further comprising an energy
- 2 transducer connected to said energy transmitting wire selected from the group consisting
- 3 of an ultrasonic energy transducer and an RF energy transducer.
- 1 15. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 13, further comprising a bushing
- 2 in said cannula, said energy transmitting wire passing through and being laterally

- 3 restrained by said bushing, wherein said bushing causes lateral displacement of said
- 4 energy transmitting wire proximal of said bushing to cause longitudinal displacement of
- 5 said energy transmitting wire distal of said bushing.
- 1 16. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 13, further comprising an
- 2 aspiration port in said cannula distal end, and an aspiration conduit extending distally
- 3 through said cannula to said aspiration port.
- 1 17. A fat removing device comprising:
- a cannula having a longitudinal axis, a proximal end, a distal end, an outer
- 3 diameter R, a lumen extending proximally along said longitudinal axis, and an opening in
- 4 said cannula at said distal end which fluidly communicates said lumen with the exterior
- 5 of said cannula; and
- a cutting element in said lumen adjacent said cannula distal end, said cutting
- 7 element spaced from said cannula distal end a distance D;
- 8 wherein R and D are together selected to permit human fat cells to extrude into
- 9 said cannula opening when said cannula distal end is pressed against a mass of human
- 10 fatty tissue, R and D are together selected also being sized to prevent a human blood
- 11 vessel which underlies said human fatty tissue from passing into said cannula opening
- when said cannula distal end is pressed against said mass of human fatty tissue.
- 1 18. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 17, wherein said cutting element
- 2 comprises a rotatable shaft having a distal end and extending toward said cannula distal

- 3 end, and at least one radial blade attached to said shaft distal end spaced from said
- 4 cannula distal end said distance D.
- 1 19. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 18, wherein said at least one
- 2 blade is formed of a material which allows said at least one radial blade to be energized
- 3 as an electrocautery tool.
- 1 20. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 18, wherein said at least one
- 2 blade is angled proximally so that fatty tissue cells which are cut by said at least one
- 3 blade are pushed proximally when said at least one blade is rotated with said rotatable
- 4 shaft.
- 1 21. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 17, further comprising an
- 2 irrigation lumen extending distally along said cannula.
- 1 22. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 21, wherein said irrigation
- 2 lumen is mounted on the exterior of said cannula.
- 1 23. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 17, wherein the ratio D/R is
- 2 approximately 1.0.
- 1 24. A fat removing device comprising:

- a cannula having a longitudinal axis, a proximal end, a distal end, a tip at said
- 3 distal end, a lumen extending proximally along said longitudinal axis, and an opening in
- 4 said cannula at said distal end which fluidly communicates said lumen with the exterior
- 5 of said cannula;
- 6 said cannula tip being angled inward; and
- 7 a cutting element in said lumen adjacent said cannula distal end;
- 8 wherein said cannula tip angle is selected to permit human fat cells to extrude into
- 9 said cannula opening when said cannula distal end is pressed against a mass of human
- 10 fatty tissue, said cannula tip angle also being selected to prevent a human blood vessel
- 11 which underlies said human fatty tissue from passing into said cannula opening when
- said cannula distal end is pressed against said mass of human fatty tissue.
- 1 25. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 24, further comprising at least
- 2 one heater formed in said cannula tip which heat said fatty tissue when energy is supplied
- 3 to said at least one heater.
- 1 26. A fat removing device comprising:
- a cannula having a longitudinal axis, a proximal end, a distal end, a closed tip at
- 3 said distal end, a lumen extending proximally along said longitudinal axis, and an
- 4 opening in said cannula proximal of said distal end which fluidly communicates said
- 5 lumen with the exterior of said cannula;
- 6 a rotatable shaft in said cannula;
- 7 a blade attached to said rotatable shaft adjacent said opening;

- 8 wherein when said cannula opening is pressed against a mass of human fatty
- 9 tissue, and when said rotatable shaft is caused to rotate, said blade rotates and cuts fatty
- 10 tissue which has extruded through said opening, said cannula opening being sized to
- 11 prevent a human blood vessel which underlies said human fatty tissue from passing into
- 12 said cannula opening when pressed against said mass of human fatty tissue.
  - 1 27. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 26, wherein said blade is
- 2 mounted to said rotatable shaft offset from an axis of rotation of said rotatable shaft.
- 1 28. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 26, wherein said blade is cup-
- 2 shaped.
- 1 29. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 26, further comprising a vein
- 2 guard mounted on an exterior surface of said cannular immediately adjacent to said
- 3 opening.
- 1 30. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 29, wherein said vein guard
- 2 comprises a thin member which extends from a point distal of said opening to a point
- 3 proximal of said opening and extends across said opening.
- 1 31. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 30, wherein said thin member is
- 2 a first thin member, and said vein guard comprises a second thin member which extends
- 3 across said first thin member.

- 1 32. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 26, wherein said blade is formed
- 2 of a material which allows said at least one blade to be energized as an electrocautery
- 3 tool.
- 1 33. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 26, wherein said rotatable shaft
- 2 has an axis of rotation, said blade includes a distal tip and a proximal end, said blade
- 3 angling relative to said axis of rotation from said distal tip to said proximal end, said
- 4 blade being curved in a direction substantially perpendicular to said axis of rotation so
- 5 that said blade acts as an auger when rotated about said axis of rotation.
- 1 34. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 26, further comprising at least
- 2 one ring electrode on the exterior of said cannula, wherein said at least one ring electrode
- 3 and said blade together form two poles of a bipolar electrocautery circuit.
- 1 35. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 26, wherein said blade is formed
- 2 of at least three layers, including a top layer formed of an electrically conductive
- 3 material, a bottom layer formed of an electrically conductive material, and a middle layer
- 4 formed of an electrically insulative material, wherein when said top layer and said bottom
- 5 layer are connected to opposite poles of an electrocauterizing device, said blade is a
- 6 bipolar electrocauterizer.
- 1 36. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 26, further comprising at least
- 2 one RF electrode protruding from the exterior of said cannula adjacent to said opening.

- 1 37. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 36, wherein said at least one RF
- 2 electrode comprises two RF electrodes protruding from said cannula on opposite sides of
- 3 said opening.
- 1 38. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 36, wherein said at least one RF
- 2 electrode comprises four RF electrodes.
- 1 39. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 26, further comprising at least
- 2 one fluid nozzle adjacent said opening and directed toward said opening, and a high
- 3 pressure fluid lumen in fluid communication with said at least one nozzle, wherein when
- 4 said cannula is pressed against fatty tissue and fatty tissue is thereby caused to extrude
- 5 into said opening, and high pressure fluid is caused to flow through said high pressure
- 6 fluid lumen and out said at least one nozzle, said high pressure fluid cuts said fatty tissue.
- 1 40. A fat removing device in accordance with Claim 39, wherein said at least one
- 2 fluid nozzle comprises two fluid nozzles.
- 1 41. A fat removal tool for removing fat from the outer surface of an internal body
- 2 organ, comprising:
- a screen having at least one passageway sized to allow fat cells to extrude through
- 4 the screen while preventing a blood vessel selected from the group consisting of a
- 5 patient's coronary arteries, a patient's cardiac veins, and both, from passing through said
- 6 screen;

- 7 a separate cutting member positionable adjacent to said screen to cut fat which
- 8 has been extruded through said screen passageway.
- 1 42. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 41, wherein said at least one
- 2 passageway comprises a plurality of passageways arranged in a regular array.
- 1 43. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 41, wherein said screen includes a
- 2 substantially rectangular plate in which said at least one passageway is formed, said plate
- 3 including a peripheral upstanding lip.
- 1 44. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 41, further comprising a handle
- 2 attached to said screen.
- 1 45. A fat removal tool for removing fat from the outer surface of an internal body
- 2 organ, comprising:
- a handle having a proximal end, a distal end, and a hollow interior;
- 4 a screen at said handle distal end, said screen including at least one passage
- 5 therethrough;
- a rotatable blade in said handle and immediately proximal of said screen; and
- a rotatable shaft attached to said blade and extending proximally from said
- 8 rotatable blade.

- 1 46. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 45, wherein said screen is circular
- 2 and flat.
- 1 47. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 45, further comprising a source of
- 2 suction in fluid communication with said hollow interior, a source of irrigation fluid in
- 3 fluid communication with said hollow interior, and a source of electric power in electrical
- 4 communication with said rotatable blade.
- 1 48. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 47, said handle further comprising a
- 2 suction control switch which controls fluid flow to said source of suction, an irrigation
- 3 control switch which controls fluid flow to said hollow interior, and a power control
- 4 switch which controls current flow to said rotatable blade.
- 1 49. A fat removal tool for removing fat from the outer surface of an internal body
- 2 organ, comprising:
- a screen having at least one passageway sized to allow fat cells to extrude through
- 4 the screen while preventing a blood vessel selected from the group consisting of a
- 5 patient's coronary arteries, a patient's cardiac veins, and both, from passing through said
- 6 screen;
- 7 a cutting member adjacent to said screen and movable over said screen to cut fat
- 8 which has been extruded through said screen passageway.

- 1 50. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 49, further comprising a handle, and
- 2 an extension connected between said handle and said screen.
- 1 51. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 50, further comprising an actuator
- 2 connected to said cutting member and extending proximally from said cutting member to
- 3 said handle, said actuator being movable along said handle, wherein movement of said
- 4 actuator along said handle moves said cutting member over said screen to cut fat which
- 5 has been extruded through said screen passageway.
- 1 52. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 51, wherein said actuator includes
- 2 electrically conductive portions in electrical communication with said cutting member,
- 3 and said cutting member is formed of a material which allows said cutting member to be
- 4 energized as an electrocautery tool.
- 1 53. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 49, wherein said screen comprises a
- 2 substantially rectangular plate in which said at least one passageway is formed, a
- 3 peripheral upstanding lip, and a sidewall extending between said lip and said plate.
- 1 54. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 53, further comprising two slots
- 2 formed in said sidewall, said cutting member having two ends slidably located in said
- 3 slots, wherein when said actuator is moved along said handle, said actuator slides said
- 4 cutting member in said slots and over said screen to cut fat which has been extruded
- 5 through said screen passageway.

- 1 55. A method of removing a fat layer from the surface of an internal body organ,
- 2 comprising the steps:
- 3 exposing a portion of said fat layer;
- 4 pressing said fat layer with a surface having at least one hole;
- 5 extruding fat through said at least one hole; and
- 6 cutting said fat that has extruded through said hole on a side of said surface
- 7 opposite said fat layer.
- 1 56. A method in accordance with Claim 55, wherein said step of extruding fat further
- 2 comprises the step of preventing blood vessels from passing through said at least one
- 3 hole.
- 1 57. A method in accordance with Claim 55, wherein said step of cutting said fat
- 2 further comprises cutting said fat with an electrocautery cutting element.
- 1 58. A method in accordance with Claim 55, further comprising heating fatty tissue in
- 2 said fat layer at a time selected from the group consisting of prior to said cutting step,
- 3 during said cutting step, and both prior and during said cutting step.
- 1 59. A method in accordance with Claim 55, wherein said step of pressing said fat
- 2 layer further comprises pressing with a surface having at least one hole located on a
- 3 distalmost end of a cannula.

- 1 60. A method in accordance with Claim 55, wherein said step of pressing said fat
- 2 layer further comprises pressing with a surface having at least one hole located proximal
- 3 of a distalmost end of a cannula.
- 1 61. A method of removing a fat layer from the surface of an internal body organ,
- 2 comprising the steps:
- 3 exposing a portion of said fat layer;
- 4 pressing said fat layer with a surface which vibrates at a frequency and magnitude
- 5 sufficient to rupture cell walls contained in said fat layer; and
- 6 aspirating fatty tissue.
- 1 62. A fat removal tool comprising:
- 2 two bipolar wires each having a cross-sectional diameter and a centerline, each
- 3 bipolar wire having a cross-sectional diameter from about 0.150 inches to about 0.045
- 4 inches, the two bipolar wires spaced from each other at a centerline-to-centerline distance
- 5 from about 0.040 inches to about 0.200 inches.
- 1 63. A far removal tool in accordance with Claim 62, further comprising a separate
- 2 shield to protect major arteries or veins positioned adjacent to the two bipolar wires.
- 1 64. A far removal tool in accordance with Claim 62, further comprising a sheath
- 2 having holes through which fat can protrude when the distal tip is placed in fat.

- 1 65. A far removal tool in accordance with Claim 62, wherein the two bipolar wires
- 2 each have a cross-section diameter of 0.031 inches.
- 1 66. A far removal tool in accordance with Claim 62, wherein the two bipolar wires
- 2 each have a centerline-to-centerline distance of about 0.080 inches.
- 1 67. A fat removal tool comprising:
- a first outer sheath electrode having a lumen and a distal end, the outer sheath
- 3 electrode including holes at the distal end to allow fat to enter the lumen;
- 4 a second helical wireform inner rotatable electrode positioned in the lumen to
- 5 rotate relative to the holes to move to the proximal end of the tool any fat that is melted
- 6 upon application of radio frequency energy between the first and second electrodes. such
- 7 that a vacuum source can remove the fat from the tool.
- 1 68. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 67, wherein the holes in the distal
- 2 end of the first electrode are from about 0.125 to 0.300 inches in diameter.
- 1 69. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 67, wherein the holes in the distal
- 2 end of the first electrode are about 0.156 inches in diameter.
- 1 70. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 67, wherein the holes in the distal
- 2 end of the first electrode have a centerline-to-centerline spacing from about 0.125 inches
- 3 to about 0.300 inches.

- 1 71. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 67, wherein the holes in the distal
- 2 end of the first electrode have a centerline-to-centerline spacing of about of 0.156 inches.
- 1 72. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 67, wherein the absolute distal end
- of the first electrode has no hole on the centerline of the first electrode.
- 1 73. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 67, wherein the second helical
- 2 wireform rotating electrode is formed of wire of between about 0.015 inches and about
- 3 0.045 inches in diameter.
- 1 74. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 67, wherein the second helical
- 2 wireform rotating electrode is formed of wire of about 0.031 inches in diameter.
- 1 75. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 67, wherein the first electrode has an
- 2 inner diameter and the second electrode is spaced from the first electrode inner diameter
- a distance between about 0.010 inches and about 0.170 inches.
- 1 76. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 67, wherein the first electrode has an
- 2 inner diameter and the second electrode is spaced from the first electrode inner diameter
- a distance of about 0.050 inches.
- 1 77. A fat removal tool in accordance with Claim 67, further comprising:
- 2 means for rotating the second electrode in the lumen relative to the first electrode.